THE
SOUTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE,
Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.
Monday, *May* 23d, 1743. [*Numb.* 478]

From the Gentleman's Magazine *for February*, 1743.

WE *hope that our Readers in general, will approve the Alteration now made in this Part of our Book; it was ſuggeſted to us by ſome* Gentlemen, *in Conſequence of the Invitation in our laſt* Preface: *We are therefore bound to pay a Regard to their Advice, eſpecially as we do not think it will diſoblige, and as they are pleaſed to inſiſt, that this Method will contribute to greater Perſpicuity.*

RUSSIA.

Peterſburg, Feb. 6. The following is the Subſtance of a Letter ſent by the Princes of the *Dagheſtans*, and other Provinces on the Frontiers of the *Ruſſian* Empire towards *Perſia*, to M *Teracanow*, her Majeſty's Lieutenant General —— "We the *Dagheſtan* Princes, &c. have long expected ſuch a General as your Excellency on our Frontiers, and on the firſt Notice have ſent our Deputies to engage you humbly to beſeech her *Imperial* Majeſty in our Behalf, that ſhe would be graciouſly pleaſed to take us under her high Protection, and receive us into the Number of her loyal Subjects; being unanimouſly reſolved, at all Events, henceforth, to ſhelter ourſelves under the Shadow of her Imperial Robe, and never look for any other Sovereign. In Conſequence whereof we are ready to take an Oath of Fidelity to her *Imperial* Majeſty."

To this Letter they add a Liſt of their Forces, as follows.

The Han Achmet Uſmea	12,000
The Aburzoffs	13,000
The Han Shoun Retinsko Bek Achmet	2700
The Diſtricts of Cansbnkoulsky	8000
Of Counbensky	3000
Of Adi	5000
Of Babul and Kelansky	7000
Of Karake	7500
The Diſtrict of Kourskiskum	5 0
Of Kouli	2000
Of Hedat	4000
Of Quiad	1000
Of Nourad	1000
In all	66,700

This early Submiſſion, even before a Summons could be ſent, appears highly ſatisfactory to this Court, as it may tend to preſerve Peace on that Side

General *Teracanow* writes, that Satisfaction having been given to *Sebab Thamas* by Impriſoning our Commandant at *Kiſlar*, for aſſiſting ſome rebellious *Perſians*, that Prince has withdrawn his Army to *Derbent* —— The *Peterſburg* Gazette adds, that this Prince knows his Strength too well to meaſure it with that of *Ruſſia*.

An Edict is publiſhed, by which her Majeſty, on Account of the extraordinary Expences for the War with *Sweden*, orders, that 20 *per Cent.* be deducted yearly out of the Salaries of all military Officers, from the Field-Marſhal to the Major excluſive (of whoſe Fidelity ſhe ought to be well aſſured) and the like from all civil Employments.

SWEDEN.

Stockholm, Feb. 16. The War ſeems as likely to go on as ever. We cannot looſe *Finland*, and the *Ruſſians* will not part with it. His Majeſty has openly declar'd, that all his Hopes center in the Mediation and Intereſt of the Court of *Great Britain*. A Committee is appointed to confer with M. *Berkentin*, Miniſter of his *Daniſh* Majeſty, whoſe Party here is become very numerous, tho' the Prince Biſhop of *Lubeck*, and the Duke of *Deux Ponts*, are ſtill talk'd of —— Eight Thouſand of our Troops in the *Weſtern Bothnia*, having Orders to penetrate on that Side into *Finland*, the *Ruſſians* have deſiled 24 Companies of Grenadiers, beſides other Troops, to oppoſe them —— Orders have been ſent to our Plenipotentiaries at the Congreſs of *Aba*, to break off the Conferences with thoſe of *Ruſſia*, if the latter inſiſt on too rigorous Terms. From whence it is concluded, that the Court has had Reſourſes from abroad.

SWITZERLAND.

A LIST of the Revenue and Men able to bear Arms, of the Cantons of Switzerland *and their Allies.*

	Revenue in Florins.	Fighting Men.
Zurick ‖	300,000	30,000
Bern ‖	400,000	90,000
Lucern	80,000	20,000
Baſil ‖	60,000	† 8,000
Fryburg	40,000	10,000
Solothurn	30,000	6,000
Schaffhauſen ‖	40,000	4,000
Prince of St. Gall	40,000	* 20,000
Earl of Neuſchattel	60,000	8,000
	1,050,000	
Uri ‖		5,000
Schwytz		5,000
Underwalden		3,000
Zugg		2,000
Glaris *or* Glarona ‡		5,000
Appenzell ‡		4,000
Provinces ſubject to ſeveral Cantons		14,000
Cities of Mulhauſen *and* Biel		6,000
Geneva		10,000
Griſons		40,000
Valeſians		10,000
		300,000

‖ *The Value of a Florin of Gold is about* 5 *s. Sterling.* ‖ Proteſtant *Cantons.* ‡ Popiſh *and* Proteſtant. † *Comprehending* Porentrut. * *Comprehending* Toggenburg.

The Revenue of the Proteſtant Cantons, is the more conſiderable, becauſe they converted great Part of the Church Lands to the publick Uſe.

Schaffhauſen, Feb. 16. The Canton of *Lucern* have notified to that of *Zurick* that they have granted Commiſſions to ſix Captains, *viz.* Three in the *Spaniſh* and three in the *Piedmonteze* Service, to raiſe Men in the Territories that belong in common to the two Cantons. The Canton of *Schwitz* has made the ſame Notification in regard to the twelve Captains in the King of *Spain*'s Service. The Levies for this Crown go on ſo ſucceſsfully, notwithſtanding the ſtrong Repreſentions made againſt it by the *Hungarian* Miniſter.

Geneva, Feb 9. The neighbouring Cantons are involv'd in deep Conſultation They begin to think the *Swiſs* Liberty never was in ſo much Danger. If *Savoy*, *Milan*, and *Lombardy*, fall into the Hands of the Houſe of *Bourbon*, the King of *Sardinia* muſt become a dependant Prince, and the Cantons, ſooner or later Tributaries. This has rais'd a univerſal Conſternation. The Helvetick Body, it is ſaid, has taken ſome Exception to his Catholick Majeſty's ſtiling himſelf Duke of *Milan*; and as the *Swiſs* are exceſſively jealous of their Freedom, we make no doubt of their protecting us, and even taking bolder Steps, if they think it

neceſſary. As we are no leſs apprehenſive of the *Spaniards*, our Garriſon is reinforced by 300 Men from *Zurich*, and 500 from *Bern*.

GERMANY.

Vienna, Feb. 17. The States of *Hungary* having made ſtrong Remonſtrances to the Queen, in Relation to the Succours of Men and Money demanded from them, ſhe called an extraordinary Council, in which, not only her Miniſters, but all the Deputies from that Kingdom, and ſome of the chief Nobility, aſſiſted. Her Majeſty expreſſed herſelf in this Manner —— "That having maturely conſider'd the Repreſentations made to her by her faithful *Hungarian* Subjects, ſhe found 'em juſt and reaſonable, and therefore was reſolved to grant them their Requeſts, as a Recompence for their Fidelity, Zeal, and Bravery, and the Blood they have ſhed to ſupport her on the Throne of her Anceſtors That her ſole Deſire is, to ſee them reſtored to all their ancient Priviledges, and hopes that this new Conceſſion of her Royal Favour will attach them ſtill more to her Perſon and Family."—This particular Regard ſhewn by the Queen to a People ſo jealous of their Liberties, has had this good Effect: They agreed to do all that was aſk'd of them

All our Advices from the Army are favourable. Count *Khevenhuller* and Prince *Lobkowitz* diſlodge the *French* in the *Upper Palatinate*, who abandon one Place after another; *Schwandorf*, *Naaburg*, *Falkenburg*, and other Places on the *Naab*, ſo that their Communication with *Egra* is cut off. *Preſnitz* blockades *Egra*, notwithſtanding ſeveral Sallies made by the Garriſon

The Emperor having complain'd to Marſhal *Broglio* of his Inaction, his Excellency anſwer'd, That he had the Service of his Maſter, and the Intereſt of his Country more at Heart, than to hazard his Troops in fruitleſs Enterprizes.

Ratiſbon, Feb 21. Several Bodies of *French* Troops, both Horſe and Foot, which came into the Neighbourhood of this City, have paſſed the *Danube* on a Flying Bridge, with an Intent, as it is reported, to relieve *Amberg* and *Egra*, eſpecially the latter, which is juſtly eſteemed the Key of *Bohemia*.

Berlin, Feb. 21. His *Pruſſian* Majeſty finds more Difficulty than he imagined in forming the neutral Army of the Empire, purſuant to his Plan, notwithſtanding he has offer'd ſome of his own Troops to ſeveral Princes and States which have not enough to furniſh their Contingent; provided only they would find them in Neceſſaries. His Majeſty has given Orders to form Two Encampments, one at *Magdeburg* and the other at *Stettin*, to prepare Quarters in *Pruſſia* for 40 Battalions, and 54 Squadrons —— Some ſagacious Politicians ſuſpect that the Re eſtabliſhment of Tranquility in the Empire, is only a Pretence to cover his Majeſty's real Deſign, which they imagine is to ſeize on the Conqueſts of *Peter* I. in *Pomerania*.

ITALY.

Florence, Feb. 9. An Edict of King *Theodore* is ſhewn about here, dated *January* 30th at *Balagna* in *Corſica*, where the Chiefs of the Iſland met him. By this Edict he recalls under Pain of Confiſcation of their Eſtates, all the *Corſicans* in Foreign Service, except that of the Queen of *Hungary* and the Grand Duke of *Tuſcany*: He pardons the *Corſicans* who ſerv'd againſt him, provided they join him in 24 Hours, and thoſe in *Genoa*, if in eight Days. He has Plenty of Money, and expects two Ships with Ammunition, and all other Neceſſaries.

The two Accounts following are from the London Gazette, February 24.

Copy of a Letter from Mantua, Feb. 22.

AN important Blow has at length been ſtruck in *Italy*. M. *de Gages* having, purſuant to the Queen of *Spain's* Orders, determined to paſs the *Panaro*. His Excellency General Count *Traun*, by an Expreſs which he received but Twenty four Hours beforehand, had happily Notice of that ſudden March, and the Surprize that was intended; whereupon his Excellency, in Concert with Count *d'Aspremont* the King of *Sardinia's* General, cauſed Nineteen, Eſtafettes and Couriers on Horſeback to be diſpatched the ſame Night, by which Means almoſt all the Troops were collected together in Time. The Enemy having accordingly paſs'd the *Panaro* very haſtily, we ranged ourſelves in Order of Battle to wait the Attack. The Enemy had formed a Deſign of putting 2000 choſen Men of their Cavalry in their Center, which according to their Plan, was to have broken thro' and fallen upon our Rear; but General *Traun* obſerving this, ordered our Grenadiers, under the Command of Lieutenant Colonel Count *Colredo* to face their Horſe. On the Right Wing, *Traun*, *Wallis*, *Reb*, *Miglis*, *Berlichingen*, *Juilay*, Huſſars. On the Left *Pleſſomini*, *Dresbach*, *Teutschmeiſter*, and the Reſt as uſual.—— At length on *Wedneſday* the 8th about ten o'Clock at Night the Action began: The Enemy made the firſt Attack on our Right Wing with extraordinary Fury, which by Favour of the Moon continued to two in the Morning, with Heat and Obſtinacy on both Sides, and without either Party being willing to yield to the other; 'till at laſt by God's Aſſiſtance, and that of our valiant Generals, Officers and Soldiers, who fought like Lions, the Enemy being put in Confuſion, was forced to abandon the Field of Battle and betake themſelves to Flight. It may eaſily be conceived, how we with our Artillery accompanied them in their Retreat, and in repaſſing the Bridge: However, to confeſs the Truth, they behaved well, ſince *Wallis* and *Reb* ſuffered conſiderably, as well as *Miglis* and *Berlichingen*. One Thing that deſerves Regret, is, that our valiant Lieutenant General Field Marſhal Count de *Beyersberg* received 11 Wounds, ſome of which are very dangerous; he arrived here To day with General *Cicni*, who is likewiſe wounded. The firſt Wounds which *Beyersberg* received, gave no Check to his Spirit; he ſtill fell furiouſly upon the Enemy, but was thrown from his Horſe by a Wound in his Head, yet, after coming to himſelf, he ſtill fought Sword in Hand, and kill'd more than one of the *Spaniards*, 'till at laſt being overpowered, he was taken Priſoner and very ill treated. The Regiment of *Miglio* has loſt its Kettle Drums, and that of *Berlichingen* three Standards. The *Spaniards* being put to Flight, his Excellency Count *Traun* immediately cauſed *Te Deum* to be ſung in the Field of Battle, and diſpatch'd the Count *d'Altheim*, Adjutant General with the News thereof to *Vienna*, and this Day Count *Colredo* is alſo ſent with a compleat Relation.

The Advices we receive, ſay, that the Enemy retires precipitately towards the *Romagna*: They expect a Succour of 7000 Men, and we the ſame. There are to the Number of 36 Officers and 5000 Soldiers of the Enemy kill'd. We have made upwards of one Battalion, about 700 Men, and 20 Field Officers Priſoners, and our Cavalry are ſtill bringing in more. On our Side, and on the Part of the *Piedmonteſe*, there may have been about 1200 Men kill'd and wounded. The Colonels *Tſcherer* of the Regiment of *Traun*, *Texat* of that of *Teutſchmeiſter*, Major *Marz*, and Count *Senau de Praſenberg* of *Reb's*, are of the Number of the Dead: There is ſtill a greater Number kill'd and wounded of the Regiments of *Wallis*, *Reb* and *Traun*. The General Field Marſhal, Commander in Chief, had two Horſes ſhot under him, the Legs of both having been carried off by Cannon Balls. In a Word the Action was hot and bloody.

HOLLAND.

Hague, Feb 26. The following Relation of what paſs'd in the late Action upon the *Panaro*, is handed about here as the Account tranſmitted by the *Spaniſh* General to the Miniſters of that Crown at foreign Courts

After the Army of his Catholick Majeſty had paſſed the *Panaro*, and made itſelf Maſter of *Campo Santo* and *Finale*, we continued our March, having detach'd 400 Horſe to *Bondeno*, from whence the *Auſtrian* Garriſon withdrew towards *Revere*; the ſaid Horſe, with ſome Miquelets, having taken there 2000 Sacks of Meal, with the whole Cloathing, Arms, Utenſils and Equipage of two Regiments, and from thence retired with the ſaid Booty, to *Campo Santo*, in which Poſt the *Spaniſh* Army remain'd. Yeſterday the 8th, they continued under Arms the whole Day; and our Commander in Chief, M. *de Gages*, having three Times offered Battle to the Enemy, it was at laſt accepted by them, they having by that Time got together all their Troops from the ſeveral Garriſons. The firſt Attack began about Eight in the Evening, and laſted 'till Eleven, with the Fire of the Artillery from both Sides; and the Duke *d'Atriſco*, with the Carabiniers and Dragoons of the Queen, came up with the Left Wing of the Enemy, and entirely broke their Cavalry;

Cavalry. The Cannonading being ended, the Engagement with small Arms began, and lasted till Two in the Morning; our Troops continued fighting with inexpressible Valour, and repulsed the Enemy, made themselves Masters of the Field of Battle, took Four Pieces of Cannon, nail'd up two, took Four Standards, five Colours, Four Kettle Drums, and took Prisoners of War Three Lieutenant Generals, *Cheri*, *Beyersberg*, and *Apremont*, who remain'd wounded, the two former being allowed to go to *Modena* to take Care of their Wounds. Many other Officers, and about 900 Soldiers were made Prisoners. The Action was extremely bloody and obstinate, in as much as 5000 Men were left dead on the Field of Battle, the Enemy having withdrawn to *Buon Porto*, and other Neighbouring Places. On our Part we reckon, between killed and wounded, about 2500. This Morning the 9th, at Break of Day, M. *de Gages* repass'd the *Panaro* with his whole Army, Artillery and Baggage, and having burnt the two Bridges over the River, took his March towards St *Giovani*, where we are this Night. There is no doubt but the Enemy, in the midst of their great Loss, according to the Circumstances already mentioned, will give out every where, that we lost the Field of Battle; than which nothing can be more false, since we remained upon it the whole Night, and were able, without the least Disturbance, to carry off our Artillery and every Thing else belonging to us, not having had it in our Power to continue longer in that Post for want of Subsistence. We did not lose any one General Officer; but the Brigadier Duke *d'Arcot*, Major-General Count *de Seuse*, Lieutenant General *M'eDonald*, and Major-General *Carvajal*, were slightly wounded.

The *London Gazette*, of *Feb.* 26, gives us a Translation of Gen. *Traun*'s Account of the abovesaid Action, as sent to his Mistress at *Vienna*. He says, that the *Spaniards* intended to repass the *Panaro*, had he not advanced to attack them; That their Loss must amount to above 4000, of which 300 Officers; That the Queen's Troops did not lose above 1000 Men; That on the 11th the Enemy marched into their old Quarters at *Bologna*, and are fortifying themselves there

This is the second Battle given by Command of the King of Spain: *the Success of the first, in* Savoy, *probably occasion'd the King to be more peremptory to Count* Gages, *than to the Marquis* De Las Minas. *These are his Words,* 'The Reasons 'offered to me in Excuse of the Inaction of my Troops in 'Italy, are not satisfactory; my Orders are, that you pass 'the *Panaro* within three Days, and give the Enemy Battle: If you have not Spirit enough to execute this, resign the Command of the Army to Count *Maximi*; for I 'will be obey'd.'

Exported from this Place since Nov. 1. 1742

Rice, 41398 Barrels.	Tarr, 1159 Barrels.
Pitch, 3601 Barrels.	Turpentine, 1187 Barrels.
Deer Skins, 243 Hogsheads.	

Advertisements.

THE Hon. *William Bull*, Esq; Lieutenant Governor and Commander in Chief in and over this his Majesty's Province of *South Carolina*, having appointed *Charles Shepheard* Post Master of the said Province The said Post Master gives Notice, that all Gentlemen or others may depend on their Letters being safely delivered according to their Directions; and will take Care to forward them to all Gentlemen in the Country, with the utmost Speed; as likewise will deliver what Letters the Country Gentlemen please to send to his Office, in any part of this Town, or forward them to any other part of the Province, or on board any Ships outward bound. If the Gentlemen in the Country will please to order their Patroons or Servants to call, as often as they come to Town, at the Post-Office in *Broad street*, their Letters shall be safely deliver'd to them, where constant Attendance shall be given by

Their most humble Servant.

Charles Shepheard

N B. The Subscriber intends (on Monday the 23d Inst.) to open the *British Coffee Room*, where Gentlemen may be entertain'd with the freshest News, foreign and domestick, and accommodated in the genteelest Manner.

JUST IMPORTED in the *Minerva*, Capt. *Cloud*, from *London*, sundry Goods proper for the Season, and to be sold very reasonable by

Crokatt & Michie.

TO BE SOLD by *Nickleson*, *Shubrick* and Comp at their Store on the Bay, *Sal Tortuga* Salt.

THIS is to give Notice that a SHUFFLE BOARD, ready to play at, is set up in the House of Mr. *Laurans* (in the *Market Square*,) wherein Capt. *Lewis Lormier* lately dwelt, where Gentlemen may enjoy their Bowl and Bottle with Satisfaction and be handsomely served by *JOHN MANDEVILE.*

TO be sold, on Wednesday the 25th Inst, *by the Subscribers, who are Executors to the Estate of the Rev. Mr.* Peter Du Pleslis, *deceased, at his Widow's Plantation at* Santee, *all the Negroes and other Effects belonging to the said* Du Pleslis. *Credit will be given 'till the 1st of* January *next, giving good Security and paying Interest from the Day of Sale.*

Theodore Gaillard.
Robert Pringle.
Alexander Dupont.

TO be sold at publick Vendue on Tuesday the 24th Instant, at Mr. *John Bennet*'s Plantation on *Wando* in *Christ Church* Parish, a choice parcel of Negroes with sundry Houshold Goods and some neat Cattle. Credit will be given 'till the first of *March* next, paying Interest from the Day of Sale, and giving good Security to

George Benison.

WHOEVER has a convenient Stream of *Water for a Saw-Mill, and is inclinable to have one built, may hear of a proper Person, enquiring of Mr.* Sam. Davidson *in* Charles Town. *At the same Place, any Gentleman wanting an Overseer and his Wife, may hear of proper Persons, the Man will engage to furnish his Employer with many Conveniences in Timber Work, at no other Cost than Overseer's Wages.*

WHEREAS *Joseph Tucker* of *King-street* having left off keeping Tavern and desires all Person that's indebted to him Bond or Note of Hand or Book-Debts, to come forthwith and settle their Accompt with him let it be never so trifling a Debt, or they will be immediately sued without further Notice he intending off in *May*, and will sell all off at publick Vendue on the 25th of *May* next, if any Person wants choice Wine may have it of the said *Tucker* for 25 shillings per Gallon taking three Gallons at once for ready Money, likewise a fine pacing Horse fit for any Lady in this Land, and likewise a large Gelding for a Saddle or Chaise to sell, Plants or Garden Stuff to be sold very cheap.

Some good Fire Arms and Cutlasses to be sold by *Joseph Tucker* aforesaid.

TO BE LETT, the House in *Elliot's Alley* wherein Mr. *Hare* lately lived, opposite Mr *Shute's*. Enquire of

HILL & GUERARD.

MR. *George Austin* has to sell, at his House next the Scotch Meeting House, Barbados Rum, Port Wine in Bottles, double refin'd and lump Sugars, strouds, blue green and white plains, penniston, Kendal cottons, scarlet whitney, cotten and linnen checks, jeans, fustians, dimitts, cotton gowns, Ditto silk and cotton sheeting linnen, paper of most sorts, nails of all sorts, and casks of nails sorted, hinges, hammers, frying pans, stock locks, pad locks, indian corn mills, a hogshead of sadlery ware and some sadles, a case of coffin ware, a box of sorted gloves, a trunk of spices, cinamon, nutmegs, cloves, mace, currans in jugs, roll brimstone, boxes of pipes, window glass, white lead, bed cords, and a two wheel chaise.

Also choice Port Wine, at 4 l. 10 s. per Doz.

Mr. *Austin* being gone for *England*, desires all indebted to him by Bond, Note or Book Debts, would call on *Robert Brisbane*, at Messrs. *Nickleson* and *Shubrick*'s, and discharge the same. Some Debts there are that have long due, which must be sued for, unless very timely prevented.

'Tis hoped Mr. *Austin*'s former good Customers will continue their Favours in his Absence.

To be RUN for,

ON *York* Course, on Monday the 23d Instant, at *John Hanbury's* Quarter House, a Saddle, Bridle, & Furniture, trimm'd with Gold, Value 80 *l.*

The next Day will be run for, at the same Place, a Saddle, Bridle and Furniture, trimm'd with Silver, Value 60 *l.*

JUST imported in the *Minerva*, *Rog. Cload* Master and to be sold by *Abraham Yeomans*, at Mr. *William Yeomans's* Store in *Elliot street*, fine callicoes chintz, cotton romals, 7 8th garlix, tandems, strip'd and swiss hollands, cambricks, holland and manchester tapes, all sorts of thread, mens, womens and boys thread and worsted hose, womens silk ditto, double gilt pea buttons, silver buttons set with *Bristol* stones, stone girdle buckles, fine stone stock buckles, gold rings & car-rings, womens cotton & thread gloves, all sorts of silk handkerchiefs, all sorts of fine, new fashion'd, plain, rich, gold, silver and brocade ribbands, fine cotton & silk Laces, mens silk caps, scarlet bowdy'd cadice, star gartering, green gauze, womens silk coats, fine silk damasks, scotch thread, fans of all sorts, shagreen cases with fine ivory knives & forks, ivory combs, tea long cases furnish'd, mens spring knives, powder flasks, steel case pencils, scallop'd scymiters, mens, womens, and boys shoes and pumps &c. drilling frocks, and many other Goods, &c.

TO BE SOLD at publick Vendue, on the 7th of *June* next, in New Market Square, a Garden well planted with Orange Trees, &c. containing in Front on said Square 78 Feet, and in Depth 160. Also a good Negro Man and Woman, and sundry other Goods. Credit will be given 'till the first of *January* next, provided the Purchaser gives good Security if required. In the mean-time any Person inclin'd to purchase may treat with

John Lawens.

LOST or stolen on the 13th Inst. out of the House of *George Avery*, Sail Maker, two Silver Tea Spoons. Whoever finds and returns the same to said *Avery*, shall have 40 *sh.* reward, and no Questions ask'd. If offer'd to Sale, pray be so good as stop them.

A

N.B. They are mark'd G : M.

STRAY'D or stolen from off *Charles Town* Green, a Sorrel Horse, with a white Face, branded SD, also an old black Horse, broken winded. Whoever takes up and brings the said Horses to Mr. *Colcock*, or Mr. *Roper*, Merchants, in *Charles Town*, shall have 3 *l.* reward for each, of *Samuel Lawrence.*

ALL Persons who are indebted to the Estate of *John Lee* late of *Charles Town* Carpenter, deceas'd, are hereby desired and required forthwith to pay the same to the Subscriber. And all Persons who have any Demands on the said Estate, are desired to bring in their Accompts properly attested to the Executor *John Milner.*

NEW Quart Bottles just imported, and to be sold by HILL & GUERARD.

STRAY'D from off the Green on the First Instant, a small black Mare, branded on the mounting Shoulder and on the off Butteck WS. Whoever brings the said Horse to the Subscriber in *Charles Town*, shall have 20 *sh.* reward *William Saxby.*

WHEREAS by the Death of James St. John, *Esq; Surveyor General of his Majesty's Lands in this Province, the said Office became vacant on the 4th Day of April instant: And whereas the Hon.* Wm Bull, *Esq; Lieut. Governor, with the Advice of his Majesty's Hon. Council, has thought fit to appoint me into the said Office; this is to desire those who were acquainted by the said Mr.* St. John, *to make a Return to me of the Plats of his Majesty's Land (not already returned) surveyed by them before the said 4th Day of* April. *Any Gentlemen properly qualified for the said Office may be admitted, and such of the late Deputy Surveyors as are so qualified may have admitted by* George Hunter, *Surveyor General.*

Charles Town, April 29, 1743.

WILLIAM WRIGHT *is removed into the House where Mr* James Matthewes *liv'd before the Fire, near Col* Brewton's, *where he has to sell by Retail, Barbados Rum, Sugar, Molasses, Madeira Wine and sundry other Goods, at very reasonable Rates, especially for ready Money.*

AND whereas 'tis complained, that the Silver that is work'd up here is not true Sterling *Standard, this is therefore to acquaint all Gentlemen and others, that the said* Wright *will work Silver in the newest Fashion at 15 s. an Ounce, and will warrant it to be true* Sterling *Standard, he will finish his Work with the utmost Dispatch.* William Wright.

AN excellent Water for curing sore Eyes to be sold by the Printer hereof.

TO be let or sold the House and Lot in *Unity Alley*, now belonging to *John Tribundet*, who has some *Barbados* Rum to sell at 3 £. *per* three Gallons, also choice Muscovado Sugar at 2 *s* 6 *per lb* good Vinegar at 15 *sh.* a Gallon, and many other Goods, very cheap.

The said *Tribundet* intends to keep a *French* School, and will take the greatest Care in teaching Youth that useful and necessary Language. He will also taken in Boarders.

IMPORTED in the Concord, Capt. Young *from* London, *and to be sold by* William Wooddrop, *gauze, linen & sheeting hollands, tandems, sileſias, pistol lawns, cambricks, fine damask table cloths, backabacs, clouting diapr, printed and white callicoes, chintz, India dimittes, with sundry other India goods, fashionable strip'd mantuas, brocaded decapes, english damasks, alamodes, with sundry other english and india silks, hairlines, alapines, tombazines and baragons, single and double refin'd sugar, fine hyson tea, china, mens and womens shoes, stationary ware, sconces & pier glasses, pavilion guns, saddles, horse whips, pickles, spices and sundry other sorts of Goods fit for the Season, good* St Kitts *Rum, &c. &c.*

IMPORTED in the King George from London, and to be sold by *Abraham Yeomans* at Mr. *William Yeomans's* Store in *Elliott street*, *fine trooping saddles and Furniture, ticken trowsers, mens and boys rug coats, mill'd gloves and caps, scarlet cloaks, shirt Buttons, colour'd tapes, ditto pallows, fine Broad cloths and trimmings, fine cotton gowns, silk and cotton ditto, tann'd and white gloves, mens shoes and pumps, mens and boys felt hats of the best sort. Blue and white earthen ware, in Crates containing punch Bowls, dishes, plates, Butter cups, cups & saucers, &c. Brown milk pans, 3 4th & 7 8th checks, fine 7 8th cotton checks, and sundry other Goods.*

N.B. *Great Encouragement will be given for present Pay.*

TO be sold, a Plantation containing 430 Acres, with a large Brick Dwelling House and other Buildings thereon; 'tis situate on the lower End of *Pon-pon* Neck, is good Rice and Corn Land, and has a good Orchard. Credit will be given 'till the first of *March* next, paying Interest and giving good Security. Enquire of Mr. *John Page*, sen at *Pon-pon Bridge*

STRAY'D down into the Settlements, in the *latter End of* January *last, from Mrs.* Russel's *in* Amelia *Township, a large black Horse branded both on the mounting Shoulder and Buttock* DS, *and on the off Buttock* G_H *in one. Whoever will bring the said Horse to the aboveſaid Mrs.* Russel *to* James Stewart, *Esq; in St.* John's *Parish, or to the Subscriber, shall have 5 l. reward* George Haig.

NB. *The Brand* DS *stands low down both upon his Shoulder and Buttock.*

BROUGHT to the Work-House in Charles Town, a Negro Man named *Cæsar*, speaks but little English, and can't or wont tell his Master's Name, he is well stricken in Years, was taken up at *Port Royal.*

ON Thursday the 26th Instant will be sold *to the highest Bidder, by the Executors of Mr* Fran. Cordes's *and Mrs* Cordes's *Estate, one half of the Slaves belonging to the said Estate, also Cattle, Horses, Household Goods, Plantation Tools, Carts, &c. Credit will be given 'till the first of* January *next, paying Interest from the Day of Sale and giving good and approved Security. The Sale to be at the Plantation of the said* Francis Cordes *on* Wassamsaw. *At the same Time will be sold, the said Plantation, and several other Tracts of Land.*

Charles-Town, Printed by PETER TIMOTHY in King-Street.

POSTSCRIPT
TO THE
SOUTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE,
OF
Monday, *May* 23d, 1743. [*Numb.* 478.]

South-Carolina.

At a General Assembly *begun and holden at* Charles-Town *on Tuesday the* 14*th Day of* September, *in the* sixteenth *Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the* second, *by the Grace of God, of* Great-Britain, France *and* Ireland, *KING, Defender of the Faith,* &c. *and in the Year of our Lord* 1742, *and from thence continued by divers Adjournments to the* seventh *Day of* May, 1743.

An additional and explanatory Act, to an Act, entitled, an Act to prevent Mariners and Seamen running into Debt. And to prevent the Desertion of Seamen.

WHEREAS an Act of the General Assembly of this Province, entitled, *an Act to prevent Mariners and Seamen running into Debt*, hath been found in some Measure defective, by being restrained only to such Seamen and Mariners as actually belonged to, and were under the Command of the Commander or Master of any Vessel which at the time of passing of the said Act was, or at any Time thereafter should arrive in this Province, whereby a Doubt hath arisen, whether the said Act did extend to such Seamen whose Commanders or Vessels had already departed out of this Province, before any Forfeiture incurred or Prosecution commenced by Virtue of the said Act; We therefore pray your most sacred Majesty, that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the Honourable *William Bull*, Esq; Lieutenant Governor and Commander in Chief in and over your Majesty's Province of *South-Carolina*, by and with the Advice and Content of your Majesty's Honourable Council, and the Commons House of Assembly of the said Province, and by the Authority of the same, That from and immediately after the passing of this Act, all the Clauses contained in the said Act, entitled, *an Act to prevent Mariners and Seamen running into Debt*, relating to Seamen and Mariners, shall be and are hereby construed to extend to all Seamen and Mariners in general within this Province, and to all Persons entertaining, harbouring or employing them, in Houses, Plantations or otherwise, whether the Masters or Vessels to which such Seamen belong, or did belong, shall have departed out of this Province, or not before any Forfeiture incurred, or Prosecution commenced by Virtue of the said Act.

Provided always, that the said Prosecution be commenced within *six* Months next after the Departure of such Master or Vessel from Province, and not afterwards, any Thing in the said recited Act or in this Act to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Master of a Vessel, hereafter arriving in this Province shall, under the Penalty of *Twenty Shillings Proclamation Money* for every Neglect, at the Time of making his Entry with the Country Comptroller, deliver to the said Comptroller a List of the Names of all his Seamen on board his Vessel, together with each of their particular Descriptions, which shall be register'd in a Book for that Purpose, to be kept by the said Comptroller, who shall receive as a Fee for the same *One Shilling Proclamation Money* from every such Master, and *One Shilling Proclamation Money* for every Search or Copy of such Register, from any Person requiring the same.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that every Master of a Vessel in this Province, immediately after the passing of this Act, shall (under the Penalty of *Four Pounds Proclamation Money* for every Offence, to be recovered before any one Justice of the Peace, for the Use of the Informer, by Warrant of Distress and Sale) deliver, upon Demand, to every Mariner under his Command requiring the same, a Certificate

in

in Writing, *gratis*, of the Freedom of such Mariner, if the time of his Service by Agreement, Contract or otherwise is expired, and upon Refusal without just Cause, any Two Justices of the Peace are hereby impowered and required, upon Application to them and due Proof, to grant such Certificates, which shall be of equal Force with Certificates granted by such Masters of Vessels, for every of which Certificates the said Justices shall receive *Four Shillings Proclamation Money*, to be paid by the Party in the Wrong, and which the Master is hereby impowered to deduct out of the Mariners Wages, if paid by him for Account of any of his Mariners found in Default.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Master of a Ship or Vessel within this Province, after the passing of this Act, shall hire, receive or entertain any Seaman belonging to any other Ship or Vessel trading within this Province, without such a Certificate as aforesaid, under the Penalty of *Ten Pounds Proclamation Money*, to be recovered with Costs, by any Person who will inform and sue for the same in any Court of Record in this Province, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that every free white Person within this Province, shall be and is hereby impowered to apprehend and secure deserting or fugitive Seamen, or such as they suspect to be so, and upon Resistance to call to their Assistance free Persons or white Servants, and if the Person endeavouring to apprehend such Seaman is the Master of a Plantation, he is further impowered to call to his Assistance Negroes or other Slaves belonging to the Plantation where he resides, and if any Slave or Slaves shall be kill'd or maim'd in apprehending or securing any such Seaman or Seamen, the Damages sustained by the Owner or Owners of such Slave or Slaves, by such killing or maiming, shall be ascertained by two neighbouring Justices of the Peace, and upon a Certificate of the same under the Hands and Seals of the said Justices, shall be paid to the Owner or his Assigns out of the Publick Treasury.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that every Person apprehending and securing any deserting or fugitive Seaman shall, under the Penalty of *Three Pounds Proclamation Money*, bring or cause to be brought such Seaman with all convenient Speed before the next Justice of the Peace, to be examined, and if found to be a Deserter or without a Certificate of Discharge, shall, by order of the said Justice, be sent from Constable to Constable, who are hereby required to receive and conduct such Deserter, until he is brought to the Vessel to which he belongs, to be delivered to the Master of the same upon Payment of the Rewards and Charges by this Act appointed, if such Master is known and in this Province, or otherwise to be delivered into the Common Goal or Work-House in *Charlestown*, there to be kept until the Master to whom he belongs demands him and pays the said Rewards and Charges. *Provided* the said Master makes his Demand within *Twenty* Days after the Commitment of such Seaman; and if no such Demand is made and Rewards and Charges paid within that Time, or in case the Vessel to which such Seaman did belong is gone out of this Province, then it shall be lawful for the Provost Marshal or Warden of the Work-house, and they are hereby required to deliver any such Seaman to any other Master of a Vessel requiring him and paying the said Rewards and Charges, to be deducted out of the Seaman's Wages by every Master so paying the same.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that all fugitive Seamen from any of his Majesty's Ships of War which shall be taken up, shall be delivered either to the Provost Marshal or to the Warden of the Work-House, who are hereby respectively required to pay unto the Person or Persons so delivering any such fugitive Seaman, the Reward & Charges by this Act appointed, and the said Provost Marshal or Warden of the Work-House, shall deliver the said fugitive Seaman to his proper Captain or Commander upon being re-imbursed the said Money and other lawful Charges, and such Captain or Commander shall and may stop it out of the Wages due or thereafter accruing due to the said Seaman.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Person unlawfully harbouring, entertaining or employing any deserting or fugitive Seaman, contrary to the Tenor of this Act, or the Act to prevent

vent Mariners and Seamen running into Debt, ſhall upon Conviction by the Oath of one or more credible Witneſſes, forfeit to ſuch Seaman if he informs, or to any other Perſon who ſhall inform againſt ſuch Offender, as a Reward for his Information *Four Pounds Proclamation Money*, to be recovered by Warrant of Diſtreſs and Sale of the Offender's Goods, over and above the Penalties and Forfeitures to be recovered and applied according to the Direction of the ſaid Act, to prevent Mariners and Seamen running into Debt.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that every Perſon apprehending a fugitive Seaman, ſhall receive as a Reward for the ſame *Forty Shillings Proclamation Money*, to be paid as by this Act is before directed: And the Charges, Fees and Mileage, payable to the Officers, Conſtables and other Perſons directed, impowered or required to put this Act in Execution, ſhall be the ſame as thoſe limitted by the following Table, *that is to ſay*, and aſcertained.

To the Perſon carrying any fugitive Seaman from the Place where apprehended to the Juſtice, Three Pence *per Mile* Proclamation Money.

To the Juſtice before whom ſuch Seaman is brought, for examining the Matter and Order thereon, Two Shillings *like Money*.

To the Conſtable, per Mile from the Place where he receives to the Place where he delivers ſuch Seaman, beſides Ferriage and Diet Three Pence *like Money*.

To the Marſhal, or Warden of the Work-Houſe, for receiving and diſcharging each Seaman, Two Shilling *and* Six Pence *like Money*.

To Diet per Diem for each Seaman, allowing at leaſt 1 lb. *of Bread, and* 1 lb. *of Fleſh, wholeſome Proviſions*, One Shilling *and* Three Pence *like Money*.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that every Perſon keeping a Ferry within this Province, who ſhall wilfully tranſport or ſuffer to be tranſported over his or her Ferry, any fugitive Seaman and not having a Certificate of Diſcharge directed by this Act, ſhall, upon Conviction before any one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit *Four Pounds Proclamation Money*, for the Uſe of ſuch Perſon as ſhall inform and ſue for the ſame, to be recovered by Warrant of Diſtreſs and Sale of the Offender's Goods.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action, Suit or Information ſhall be commenced or proſecuted againſt any Perſon or Perſons for what he, ſhe or they ſhall do in Purſuance or Execution of this Act, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for ſuch Perſon or Perſons to plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act and the ſpecial Matter in Evidence, any Law, Uſage or Cuſtom to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall continue and be of Force for and during the Term of *Five* Years, from the Time of paſſing this Act, and from thence to the End of the next Seſſion of the General Aſſembly, and no longer.

BENJAMIN WHITAKER, *Speaker*.

In the Council-Chamber, the 7th of May, 1743.

Aſſented to,

WILLIAM BULL.

Secretary's Office,

THIS is a true Copy of the Original Law. *Examin'd*, *J. Hmmerton*.

CHARLES-TOWN, May 23

An ACT for raiſing and granting to his Majeſty the Sum of 51,195 *l.* 11 *s.* & 6 *d.* and for applying the Sum of 4178 *l.* 6 *s.* & 3 *f.* being the Surplus of the Tax raiſed in the Year of our Lord 1741, for defraying the Charges of the Government for one Year, commencing the 25th Day of *March* in the Year of our Lord 1742, inclusive, and ending the 25th Day of *March*, 1742, excluſive, *was paſſed on the 7th Inſtant*.

On Tueſday laſt his Majeſty's Ship the *Roſe*, commanded by Capt. *Thomas Frankland*, came into this Harbour, with Two *Spaniſh* Prizes, a ſmall Sloop and a Schooner; and another ſmall Schooner which was taken alſo, is not yet come in; but neither of them have any Effects aboard. We are informed that Capt. *Frankland* met with two *Spaniſh* Privateers (of 10 Carriage Guns and 150 Men each) on the *North* Side of *Cuba*, one of which was chas'd aſhore by him and loſt, and the other made his Eſcape by getting within a Reef.

The ſame Day his Majeſty's Snow the *Spy*, commanded by Capt. *Newnham*, ſail'd on a Cruize.

And on Wedneſday the *Swift* Man of War, commanded by Capt. *Bladwell*, returned *again* to this Harbour. From